Oly Blizzard devastates north U.S.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26 (AP). — A deadly blizzard devastated much of the northern part of the United States today, while hurricane-force winds swept through the south. At least 12 persons were killed in the storms, line northern blizzard was so severe — "one of the strongest in many years," according to the National Weather Service — that saving lives was the top priority of the person of the person workers activated across the rity of thousands of rescue workers activated across the north. "Being lost in open country during a blizzard is almost certain death." the weather service cautioned.

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jardan Press Foundation جورين تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالأثبليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاربنية «الراي»

عكذا من الأمل

Hardline summit begins Feb.

ALGIERS, Jan. 26 (AFF). — A summit meeting of Arab leaders opposed to Egypt's peace talks with Israel will be held here next Thursday and Friday (Feb. 2 and 3), the official Algerian news agency (PAS) reported today. The summit will be attended by Algeria, Libya, Iraq, Syria, South Yemen and the Palestine Liberation Organisation, the agency said, quoting a "well informed source in Algiers" for the dates. The agency also said the summit meeting would be preceded by a preparatory conference of foreign ministers next Tuesday and Wednesday. For this announcement, it quoted a "reliable source". The agency said it believed that Algeria had begun contacts with the countries concerned and the Palestinians on the summit.

Price: Jordan 50 fils; Syria 50 plastres; Lebanon 75 plastres; Sandi Arabia 1 riyal; UAE 1 dirham; Great Britain 25 pence.

Volume 3, Number 662

AMMAN, FRIDAY, JANUARY 27, 1978 — SAFAR 18, 1398

U.S. Mideast envoys to meet in Amman

U.S. Mideast envoys to meet in Amman Arran Dayan: Declaration of rinciples for peace tage now within reach

31)al AVIV, Jan. 26 (R). — Fo-m Minister Moshe Dayan today Israel and Egypt united e within reach of agreeming on a declaration of princidecretibe in an address to Bar-lian Eversity, Mr. Dayan said pross had been made through Perican diplomatic efforts the meeting of Israeli, ptian and United States fon ministers broke up in

∵ ≒ısalem last week. ille whe Jerusalem talks had been 1. Ex a crucial stage of discussing ⇒ acceptance of principles --: item on their agenda -were on the Egyptian delegation ्रिक्ट sked out.

ince then contacts have " gistant Secretary of State Al-Atherton, who stayed on : "r Jerusalem talking to Israeli cert lers.

it mid believe we can reach was this is mainly due to the in-erican contribution -- an would be acceptable to the ptians and ourselves", Mr. 🧃 - an said.

ir. Dayan went on: we have been making quite it of progress. Unless the or avoid it, I think we are nin reach of getting an agr-

IDON, Jan 26 (AP). --

uty Israeli Prime Minister

y and said the Israeli go-

ment still held out hopes

have come to London to

g (British Foreign Secret-

he current situation in the calks," he said on arrival

ie us although we don't co-

putti be harmful. Let's hope

added: "Discussions bet-

it is the two countries will be

ining next week when the

70, Jan. 26 (R). — Egyp-Minister of State for Fo-

Affairs Butros Butros Gh-

ade for talks on the Mid-

Ghali told reporters be

d convey a message to

dent Tito from President

t but he declined to re-

e semi-official daily Al

nt Sadat in which the Yu-

o President Carter to start

had sent a message to Pr-

v leader said he had ur-

tlogue with the Palestine.

... ation Organisation and

t at "this critical stage".

".td also expressed his ap-

mtinue his contacts with

Ahram said President Ti-

al of the broadlines of Mr.

's stand and the need to

Ghali, speaking to Afri-

envoys here today, said

ve Middle East settlement

Council Resolution 242

was seeking a compre-

Mil. on United Nations Se-

"ting Israeli withdrawal occupied Arab territories

willies for the security of

Middle East country and his to the state of bellige-

ve a comprehensive Mid-

ast settlement.

eaves here tomorrow for

East peace moves.

Egypt's Ghali to relay

Sadat message to Tito

Dr. David Owen up to date

ondon airport. "We hope

Britain will continue to

ir that we need any more

just now. It must be rem-

ered that too much help

we can work out a settle-

with the Egyptians with aid of the Americans."

Viciel Yadin arrived in London

a Middle East peace set-

ent,

wraeli deputy premier

London for M.E. talks

Mr. Dayan turned to the question of whether such an agreement would persuade Jordan to join the peace progress.

He said he had been told by the United States at the start of the Jerusalem talks that if a declaration of principles was agreed then Jordan would most likely join the negotiations.

Mr. Dayan sald the Israelis had no contact with His Majesty King Hussein and could



Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin gestures while speaking Thursday before the Knesset, Mr. Begin told his audience that Israeli would not continue military committee talks until Egyptian insults against Israel cease. (AP wire-

Obviously all is not lost by

any means.
"The Egyptians prematurely

cut off the Jerusalem talks but

we hope that next week's discussions will produce a possi-

bility for a meeting of the re-

spective foreign ministers. No

more than that can be foreseen

at present."

He added that although no

meeting between Israel's Prime

Minister Menachem Begin and

Egypt's President Anwar Sadat

is planned, he is still optimis-

tic of a peace settlement.

vent this happening."

leave London on Monday.

with Israel, told reporters Pre-

sident Sadat had sent messages

to African heads of state ex-

plaining developments since his

President Sadat today said

vations" he made to the U.S.

PLO attends Foreign

Ministry briefing

Mr. Said Kamel an official of the Palestine Liberation Or-

ganisation attended a meeting

today of Arab ambassadors

with Egyptian Foreign Minister

An Egyptian Foreign Ministry

official said today the ties

with the PLO had never been

broken and their representative

was invited to the foreign mi-

Following his meeting with

the Arab ambassadors Mr. Ka-

mel told reporters that Egypt

would resume the talks with

Israel "if Israel presents a

new formula acceptable to our

Mr. Kamel said the "door is

still open" for the Arab coun-

tries which opposed the Egyp-

tian initiative to join in the

efforts to achieve a settlement

"If they change their present

nister's briefing today.

lbrahim Kamel.

basic principles."

position."

November,

not judge his attitude. But he said the United States still hoped that agreement in a set of principles might coax Jordan into the negotiations.

Atherton to meet U.S. Mideast envoys in Amman

Word that Mr. Atherton planned to meet U.S. Middle East ambassadors in Amman on Saturday aroused speculation that be might be making an effort to draw Jordan into the peace

But an American spokesman discounted this. The spokesman said the meeting of ambassadors was routine and had no special diplomatic significance. The spokesman said Mr. Atherwould make a courtesy call on King Husseln in Am-

During the day Mr. Atherton met Prime Minister Menachem Begin and tolr reporters afterwards that he thought his meetings over the past few days had "brought matters forward." Mr. Begin told reporters the meeting had also touched on the question of American arms sales to the Middle East. He did not go into details. But Israel is disturbed at proposals to sell advanced American aircraft to Saudi Arabia and Egypt.

Weizman in Cairo next week

Both Mr. Begin and Mr. Dayan confirmed that Israel was likely to send Defence Minister Ezer Weizman to resume his part in the Cairo defence talks

Mr. Begin said the decision would be made by the Israeli cabinet on Sunday and he thought ministers would agree to send Mr. Weizman to Cairo. There seemed no immediate prospect of resuming the for-eign ministers' talks - - suppos-

generated by acrimonious public exchanges in the past had cooled down sufficiently to

He said: "We must talk with Egypt. Peace is our goal Egyptians balked at restarting and we must do all we can to achieve it. We must beware, however, of certain countries who will do all they can to pre-Mr. Yadin was expected to

The radio said he would arrive later today.

ed to run in concert with the defence ministers' meeting. Diplomats were waiting to see if the heated atmosphere think about reviving the politi-Mr. Dayan said that if the

direct talks then indirect negotiations should be possible.

Israel Radio said Mr. Weizman had asked Brig.-Gen. Avraham Tamir, a member of the Israeli military delegation, to return from Cairo for consul-

Knesset leader wants U.S. kept out of M.E. talks historic visit to Jerusalem last

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM he was in constant contact Jan. 26 (R). - Israel should with President Carter and had not attempt to draw the received an important message United States into Middle from him in reply to "obser-East peace-making, Prof. Moshe Arens, Chairman of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee said

today.

Speaking to students at the Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Prof. Arens said the American intervention in the peace talks would eventually lead to U.S. pressure on Israel

"However pure American intentions may be at the beginning," he sald, "it is only natural that in the course of the discussions American proposals neither we nor the Egyptians had tho-ught of, will lead to U.S. pressure on us to to accept

"Our Foreign Ministry will thus be making a mis-take if they think there are advantages in persuading or forcing the Americans to take an active part in the dialogue between Israel and



President Mohammad Anwar Sadat (left) and his Prime Minist Mamdouh Salem (right) Wednesday attend a special dedication service of a 16 x 11 foot silver-plated sepulchre recently installed at the Sayidah Zeinah Mosque in Cairo. (AP wirephoto)

Prince Hassan arrives in New York for round of technical talks

By Rami G. Khouri Special to the Jordan Times

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26 - After three days of intensive discussions in the American capital here, Crown Prince Hassan and his twenty-strong delega-tion flew to New York this afternoon for the last segment of the working visit to the United States.

Immediately after arrival in New York, Prince Hassan, accompanied by Ambassador Abdullah Salah, U.N. Ambassador Hazem Nuseibeh, Dr. Hanna Odeh, Dr. Ahmad Mango and Dr. Sultan Lutfi, went directly into a working session with senior officials of the Aspen Institute for Humanistic Studies for talks on possible means of bilateral cooperation between the institute and various Jordanian organisations.

After the meeting, Crown Prince Hassan attends a private dinner in his honour, and in the evening enjoys one of the rare non-working segments of the visit here -- an evening at the theatre, to enjoy a performance of "The King and

Friday's schedule in New York includes several technical meetings in the morning with United Nations officials, a luncheon hosted by former Vice President Nelson Rockefeller and a reception in the late afternoon hosted by the United States International Council, a grouping of the leaders of major American corporations, labour unions and research orga-

On the technical and economic side of things yesterday. an important meeting was held at the headquarters of the World Bank here, attended on the Jordanian side by National Planning Council President Hanna Odeh, Major topics of discussion, Dr. Odeh told the Jordan Times, included a review of the Dead Sea potash extraction scheme, which is now expected to cost some \$425 million, and the stage two projects of the Jordan Valley irrigation scheme, including, most notably, construction of the Magazin Dam across the Yarmouk River along the Syrian border, The World Bank is involved in helping to finance both projects. in the form of soft loans, and

the meeting yesterday was to review progress to date on both projects and to look ahead to the future within the context of completing the financing packages for both these important projects.

On the labour and manpower (or rather, womanpower) front, Women's Affairs Department Director Mrs. Inam Mufti held a morning meeting yesterday with a group of seven American women leaders from the AFL-CIO. Discussion centred around the experiences of American women within the labour movement, and possible means of cooperation on the technical level between the American unions and Jordan's emerging labour and women's affairs programmes.

Mrs. Mufti also held a meeting in the afternoon with officials of the Women's Affairs section of the American Labour Department, which also centred on means of technical cooperation, particularly in the field of vocational training for Jordanian women and girls.

Mrs. Mufti continues her talks on the matter in New York tomorrow morning when she meets with Mrs. Helvi Sipila, the United Nations Assistant Under-secretary for Women and Development

U.S. sale of F-15s to Saudis in doubt

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26 (R).

— Secretary of State Cyrus Vance said yesterday the Carter administration has not made a final decision of whether to propose formally the sale of 60 sophisticated F-15 war planes to Saudi Arabia.

But he said that calls by a majority of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee to delay the deal would be taken into account. Mr. Vance was speaking to

reporters after giving a private briefing to the committee on the Middle East situation. Senator Church and nine other members of the committee wrote to Mr. Vance on Tuesday asking that formal notification to Congress of the sale

Middle East dispute is the subject of negotiations between

cation, Congress has 30 days in which to veto the sale. The proposed \$1.5 billion F-15 sale to Saudi Arabia was postponed last summer in the face of threatened congressional opposi-

Sparkman reported that Mr. Vance had told the committee he felt the Middle East peace talks would be resumed, with the military talks starting before the political negotiations. He quoted Mr. Vance as saying there was some evidence of progress beneath the surand the government of Preside-

Curfew imposed

jured in rioting which erupted during a one day general stri-ke affecting all of Tunisia. The strike organised by Tunisia's General Workers Union (UGTT) was called in protest against recent attacks on tra-

of union members, Despite the violence, the government contended that the national strike had failed and made no mention of rioting. But the government-controll-ed Radio Tunis carried calls

de union offices and the arrest

A number of people - - possi-

bly many -- were reported to have been killed and many in-

for blood donors. The Tunisian cabinet met and, in an official statement, deplored the "premeditated acts of vandalism which have been perpetrated."

The statement said the cabinet had taken "the required urgent measures to maintain law and order."

Tanks deployed

Army tanks were reported seen in the southern Tunis industrial suburb of Negrine where the strike stopped all industrial activity.

Heavy street fighting was reported, during the day with vans set on fire and windows

smashed. The headquarters of the UG-TT union organisation were cordoned off by strong police rces and telephones were cut.

The fighting, which caused much damage, was thought to involve gangs of rampaging yo-uths who shouted political slogans while looting shops.

Bricks, broken glass and oth-

er debris littered the streets of the Tunisian capital in what was reported to be the worst rioting in Tunis since independence from France in 1956. Armoured cars patrolled the city and helicopters flew low

over trouble spots. Police riot cars were attacked and their windshields sma-

Strike-related violence was also reported in other important Tunisian cities, including Sousse

and Kairouan. Most industrial production in Tunis was halted by the strike and many shops in the city centre were shut. It was impossible to say whether the shops had shut in support of the st-rike or in fear of the rioters. The main food market however operated normally and buses were on the road carrying

Water, gas and electricity supplies were functioning and the strike organisers announced that they would ensure con-tinuation of the services for humanitarian consideration towards the citizens."

police guards.

The strike which was met with a government warning that people in key industries could be jailed for up to two years if they stopped work, follows the collapse of negotiations on wages and cost of living questions.

It also comes amid worsening relations generally between the country's sole union

be delayed, at least while the Egypt and Israel. After receiving such notifi-

Committee chairman John

nt Habib Bourguiba.

through tear-gas clouded streets on the outskirts of the capital and its old city.

riot-torn Tunis after

day of general strike

TUNIS, Jan. 26 (Agencies). — Tunisian authorities declared a state of emergency and ordered a curfew throughout the country today and announced that clashes between government forces and union demonstrators had left dead on both sides. Meanwhile automatic rifle fire continued to crackle

> Announcing the 24-hour stoppage on Tuesday, UGTT Secretary General Habib Achour said it was a "warning strike" in retaliation for attacks on

the trade union movement. Denouncing the strike as "purely political", the ruling Destour Party however accused the government-controlled UGTT of having deliberately opted for a confrontation.

South Lebanon shelling claims new victims

SIDON, South Lebanon, Jan. 26 (R). — Israeli-backed rightist gunners shelled the south Lebanese town of Nabatiyeh early today for the first time in two months, travellers from the area

The 45-minute attack on the market town, held by Palestinians and their leftist allies, wounded four people and caused heavy damage, they added.

Palestinians and leftists fired back from Nabatiyeh and nearby villages at rightist-held Marjeyoun and Qlei'a, in the eastern sector of the front. But other parts of the volatile southern front were report-

There have been intermittent artillery clashes during the week, and Palestinian-leftist forces reported yesterday they had foiled a second aftempt in two days to occupy the village

of Blat, near the scene of the exchanges.

This week's fighting coincided with reports that both sides in south Lebanon had been receiving a flood of weapons since

In Beirut, an explosive charge was hurled at the premises of the pro-Libyan daily newspaper Al Safir yesterday, causing damage but no casualties, the staff said.

sid unidentified emas the bomb, after driving up in the same car to ask where the newspaper office, was the staff added.

Somalis said to have captured Arab pilot

KUWAIT, Jan. 26 (Agencies). -A Kuwaiti newspaper said today that Somali forces battling Ethiopians in the Ogaden desert have captured an Arab pilot after shooting down his Ethiopian air force plane.

In a report from Beirut, the newspaper Al Anbaa said the pilot, captured last week, belonged to the armed forces of an Arab state in Africa. But it did not state his nationality. Somalia has informed some Arab governments of the incident. it said.

Somali forces yesterday claimed to have captured several Cuban soldiers fighting with Ethiopian forces in the Ogaden war, but Ethiopian officials repeated earlier denials that any Cubans are involved.

There was no independent confirmation of the capture of the Cubans, but informed sources in the Somali capital of Mogadishu said the national news agency Sonna had been told the Cubans were being held in the northern Somali regional capital of Hargeisa.

Attempts by reporters to contact officials in Hargeisa to discover more details about the prisoners were frustrated when telephone communications fail-

Chinese Foreign Minister Huang Hua has accused the Soviet Union of deliberately aggrava-ting conflict in the Horn of Africa by a big airlift of arms

to Ethiopia. According to the New China News Agency report monitored in Hong Kong, Mr. Huang made the attack at a banquet in Peking last night given in honour of Burundi's Minister of Foreign Affairs and Coopera-

tion, Mr. Albert Muganga. That superpower which is flaunting the sign-board of socialism Mr. Huang said is airlifting large quantities of personnel and arms to the Horn of Africa in an attempt to provoke a war on an even larger scale and create greater disturbance so as to fish in the trou-

bled waters. "Its aim is to control the Horn of Africa and the Red Sea straits and complete its strategic deployment for seizing the oil resources there and carrying out its further expansion in Africa...", he added. Ethiopia meanwhile has as-

serted that three ships carrying Egyptian arms bought by Saudi Arabia to assist Somalia have recently arrived in the port of Mogadishu and that U.S.made weapons are reaching Somalia "in an increasingly alarming frequency."

Abnormal radiation traced in N. Canada

OTTAWA, Jan. 26 (R). -U.S. and Canadian experts have found an abnormal level of nuclear radiation in an uninhabited area of northern Canada where a Soviet spy satellite dropped from orbit on Tuesday, a defence spokesman said to-

it was the first report of possible contamination from the Cosmos 954 satellite. which carried 45 kilograms of potentially lethal enriched uranium to power its small nuclear reactor. A Canadian C-130 trans-

port plane equipped with sensors making a low-level sweep over Canada's Northwest Territories picked up the radiation last night, and specialists on board said they were confident the radiation was not natural.

Canadian Defence Minister Barney Danson said today the find was either radioactive debris from the Soviet craft, or "we have one incredible manium mine up there."

The experts on the aircraft had maps showing natural manium deposits, and concluded the radiation came from another source.

... Minister, who emisined

ts of peace negotiations

's stand on latest develo-

in the region.

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It is time for Yadin to speak up

Mr. Yigael Yadin, leader of the one-time reformist Democratic Movement for Change, and now Israel's deputy prime minister in his capacity as Mr. Menachem Begin's junior coalition partner, has been dispatched to London for talks with British Foreign Minister David Owen on the progress of peace talks with Egypt.

Is Prof. Yadin being used as a messenger boy by the Likud prime minister, to relay messages for which Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan cannot be spared? One would think so, considering Prof. Yadin's statements in London to the effect that Britain's help is not being enlisted at this point to help smooth the path to a settlement, that Israel is relying on the United States for that purpose, and too many cooks will spoil the broth. Perhaps Mr. Begin wants Prof. Yadin out of his hair at this hectic time.

Which brings us to the point that the one-time idealistic Prof. Yadin, who had held out against Mr. Begin's offer to join the coalition government during protracted negotiations that dragged on for months, has been keeping a low profile and dancing to Mr. Begin's tune for all practical purposes. He is kowtowing to Mr. Begin's stronger personality and intolerance of any public expression of dissent with his personal views by members of the government. Yet the two men do not subscribe to the same ideological line. Perhaps Prof. Yadin has been intimidated by the results of public opinion polls that are conducted periodically to garner support for the hardline stance of Mr. Begin.

If his statements in London are to be credited, the DMC leader is seriously interested in the establishment of peace - - which will remain unattainable unless the Israeli leaders and public in general are shaken out of their sense of righteousness in refusing Arab demands and made to think twice about what peace means. It is time for Prof. Yadin to stand up to his own more liberal views and publicly demonstrate that not everyone is in agreement with Mr.

It is well and good to hope that the Americans can work out a settlement, it nevertheless remains true that people within the Israeli establishment must stand up to Begin and the Israeli public's tendency to self-indulgence, even though they do not personally see eye to eye with the Arabs -- if there is to be a serious chance for peace. If Mr. Yadin really wants peace, he will have to make a sacrifice for it.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

AL RA'I, on Thursday, said the United States has undoubted played a leading role in getting the Egyptian-Israeli peace talks to resume again as suddenly it has become clear they would. The question is, however, according to what principles or conditions has it been agreed to resume the talks? Has Israel shown any willingness to compromise? We await a declaration of intentions in order to judge because we cannot believe Israel will ever agree to Arab demands just because the United States moved a "magic wand" in its face.

AL DUSTOUR said Israel is mistaken if it believes the new attempt to Judaise Jerusalem will change the Holy City's Arab character. Despite world condemnation Israel goes ahead with its latest plans against Jerusalem which make it clear that Israel intends to impose a status quo whereby the city will not be returned to the Arabs. We must warn of Israeli intentions, nevertheless, we are convinced that Jerusalem, with its Arab character, will be the key to any possible peace -- or war.

ACCOMODATION AVAILABLE

Six flats, each flat composed of two bedrooms, one sitting room, one lounge, kitchen, bathroom, boiler room in the house no: 111/92 6561 situated in parcel no. 402 at Akka Street, Jabal Hussein, Amman available for rent.

Please contact, National Construction Company (Pakistan) Limited, P.O. Box 9643, Jabel Luweibdeh, Amman. Phone 37853.



Trade exhibition takes to the road cover the Mideast

goes on, 'includes everything.

right down to the pens and pa-

Mr. Fitch has twenty years

in the notel business inclu-

ding responsibility for organi-

sation of new hotels for the

If it is only a notel exten-

sion that is required -- more

rooms without a central servi-

ces block - - then it is even quicker and cheaper. Up to eight

rooms a day at a cust of

£8,000 per room, fully furnished

can be assembled with the help

of a 2 ton crane.

Trust House Forte Group.

per and accounting systems.

By a Jordan Times staff reporter

AMMAN, Jan. 26 (JT). — The day of the itinerant salesman is returning to the Middle East. if Benn Brown is anything to go by, Instead of packing spices and exotic cloths onto camels Wing. Cmdr. Brown packed a range of home entertainment systems, car accessories and repair kits, domestic water purification equipment, reproduction French carriage clocks, rocket toy samples and lots of literature on new construction techniques for hotels, mobile homes, inflateable air houses and video-tape systems into a caravan and is towing them around the Middle East on a sales trip,

Now parked beside the Philadelphia Hotel evershadowed by the Amman ampitheatre, the caravan and two awning exten-sions form the Middle East Trading and Assistance on Projects group of companies (ME-TAP) exhibition.

The travelling exhibition left Britain on Nov. 29th., spent six weeks in Cairo, sailed from Alexandria to Beirut and then drove through Syria to Jordan. Accompanying Wing Cmdr. Brown is Sales Representative

John McDonald and for this leg of the Middle East tour, Roger Fitch, Managing Director of Metap Hotel Management Consultants. The Exhibition will be do-

ing a complete tour of the Arabian peninsula taking in Kuwait, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates and Saudi Arabia after Jordan, The exhibition will return to Amman in the Spring.

METAP, an Anglo-Egyptian joint venture is seriously considering establishing a regional office in Amman under Decree 48. Mr. McDonald, a young Irishman would head the office and premises have already been Located on Jabal Luweibdeh However before proceeding ME-TAP want to prove to themselves the viability of Jordan as a regional centre through detailed marketing research on this trip.

Wing Cmdr. Brown is a retired senior technical officer of the Royal Air Force with long service in the Middle East. He worked in Saudi Arabia and since 1969 has travelled extensively in the Middle East. Chairman of the METAP Group, he is the founder director the companies. Other directors include Egyptian Found Karara and Abdul Aziz Amer who both served in senior positions with the Egyptian Al Nasr organisation. Wing. Cmdr. Brown describes METAP's trading operation as an "export and confirming house" rather than manufacturers agents. The company has been operating since 1971, dealing exc-

lusively with the Middle East. Amongst the diverse products the company is exhibiting are rust prevention sealants for cars, emergency windscree-"Get-U-home" ns and other products; a water propelled rocket toy which whizzes to 200 feet, at up to 100 feet per second, and then descends gracefully on a parachute, British made Fidelity radios and record players and of course the Astral caravan itself into which all this is packed.

Too large to carry around with them are the more substantial mobile homes, inflateable air houses which can be used for just about everything from warehouses to covered gymnasiums, and the plans for modular construction of hotels and schools. The hotel system is based on a turnkey package which METAP have put together adapted from the Scola system developed in Britain for speedy construction of schools by a consortium of eight local authorities.

With minor adaptions for climatic conditions the system is being used for the construction of a university campus in

Roger Fitch says the company could put up a four star hotel of up to five stories 400 rooms, with central facilities including a swimming pool, nightclub, bars and restaurants in a year for around JD 4 mil-"That turnkey price," he

LAND ROVER FOR SALE

Land Rover Jeep car with short chassis. In excellent condition. Ran 20,000 kms. only.

Call: Grand Palace Hotel, tel. 61121 between 8:00 a.m. - 12:00 noon

METAP

Trade exhibition at Philadelphia hotel car park now open. Distributors required for following British products:

Music centres, car accessories, water purification, fibre glass fly screens, caravans, awnings and accessories etc. Open 10:00 - 13:00 - 16:00 - 19:00 hrs. daily

We can also discuss turnkey packages for hotels and holiday parks

Jaffa--bride of the Arab coast revisited

Jaffa -- now famous as a brand name for oranges was thriving city known as the "bride of the Remembered as a beautiful clean city, it was a home for literary figures and famous as an Arab cui tural centre.

The orange groves were so extensive that one to become dizzy from the heady scent of the blosson, remember the inhabitants. The original orange groves have now vanished. Excavated for the foundations of modern Tel Aviv. The city is dead. The streets are dirty. The beaches from where fishermen used to

launch their small craft are now Tel Aviv's bank yard.





The senfront at Jaffa -- once as beautiful as a head of shimmering blonds hair.

Advertise by mail In the Jordan Times

The Jordan Times can accept classified advertisements that are sent in by mail and accompanied by full payment in cash. Readers and advertisers who cannot conveniently bring their advertisements to the Jordan Times office or to an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their ads by mal on the following conditions:

1. Full payment in cash accompanies the advertisement.

2. The minimum charge for a single advertisement is JD 3.

3. Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typset by the Jordan Times. 4. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or telex, and guaranteed insertions on specific dates can only be assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach the Jordan Times office at

least two days before the required day of publication. 5. For the minimum price of JD 3, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of three centimetres on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words, including the headline and telephone numbers to be called. The JD 3 charge is for one insertion; two insertions cost JD 6, three insertions cost JD 9, etc.

6. For a larger ad, the rates are JD 4 for 40 words and JD 5 for 50 words.

7. You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertising by mail facility by completing the form below and mailing it with full payment in cash only to:

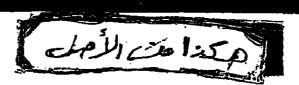
> Advertising Department The Jordan Times P. O. Box 6710 Amman, Jordan

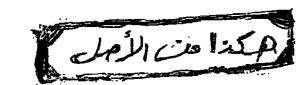
Advertisers in Jordan must pay in Jordanian dinars; those in Syria may pay in Syrian currency at the going conversion rate.

(write one word only per box -- please print)

Please publish the above advertisement in the Jordan Times on day (s). Euclosed

Name : Signature:





National News Roundup

Saudi educational delegation leaves

MAN, Jan. 26 (JNA). - The members of the Saudi Educational delegation left here today for ne after a five-day visit during which they held talks with the Ministry of Education officials the strengthening of bilateral educational cooperation and toured a number of educational ins-

Sharif Fawwaz receives French ambassador

MAN, Jan. 26 (JNA). - The Minister of Culture and Youth Sharif Fawwaz Sharaf received his office today the French ambassador to Jordan.

Potato production interests Cabinet

-MAN, Jan. 26 (JNA). The Cabinet today named two agricultural engineers, Mr. Khaled Menat and Mr. Amin Hommou from the Ministry of Agriculture, to represent Jordan in the four-k-seminar on "the production of potatos" to be held in Azmir, Turkey on April 24.

Industrial security seminar to open Saturday

MAN, Jan. 26 (JNA). — The Labour Education Institute of Zarqa will hold a ten-day seminar Saturday to discuss a number of industrial security issues. 25 representatives of public and priinstitutions will take part in the seminar.

Yarmouk University to host biology education seminar

D. Jan. 26 (JNA). — A seven-day seminar on biology in society will be held at the Yarmouk vergity on Saturday, under the auspices of the UNESCO, to discuss the teaching of biology at the Arab world. Representatives from Jordan, Syria, Egypt, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Leon, Morocco, Tunisia, Algeria, Iraq, and Libya will take part in this seminar which will be of langed by the Minister of Education Dr. Abdul Salam Majali.

W. Germany to train JNA employees

MAN, Jan. 26 (JNA). - The Director General of the Jordan News Agency Youssuf Abu Leil and West German ambassador in Amman today signed an agreement on technical cooperation under ch the West German government will be responsible for training a number of JNA employees у уеаг.

British Theatre expert arrives

MAN, Jan. 26 (JNA). — A theatre expert from the British Council, Mr. Ian Albrey, arrived here ly on a several-days visit at the invitation of the Ministry of Culture and Youth to advise on establishment of the Royal Theatre, which has been under construction for two years.

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Israel and South Africa: Unity in isolation

Editor's note: As the world takes stronger action against the spartheid regime of South Africa it is noted that relations with Israel are growing stronger. The following article, reprinted in full from the January issue of Middle East International, the similarities and compatibilities of the Israeli and South African states and shows how the world situation is uniting them in isolation.

By J. G. Calloway

Just over a week after the U.N. Security Council imposed its South African arms embargo in November, the Israeli Ambassador to South Africa, Mr. Yitzhak Unna, issued a statement on Israeli-South African relations. Mr. Unna said that it was important that Israel and South Africa should retain their ties. Each, he said, was encircled by enemies, and it was therefore important that they should stick together. Mr. Unna has in fact been a key figure in the close relationship of military, economic and technical cooperation which has developed between Israel and South Africa over the past two years. His appointment as the first Israeli ambassador to South Africa was the first definite evidence of this, and was followed three months later by an "unofficial" visit to Israel by South Africa's Nationalist Party Prime Minister, Dr. Vorster. The essence of the Israeli-South African relationship, as defined by the Vorster visit during which it was agreed to set up a joint ministerial committee, similar to that established between Israel and the United States) is cooperation, both through joint ventures and exchange arrangements. The United Nations report

on relations between Israel and South Africa of August. 1976, having conducted an exhaustive survey of Israeli-South African relations in military collaboration, trade, investment, and cooperation in science and technology, con-cluded that the general basis for relations in all these spheres was a marriage of South Africa's raw materials, including the "raw material" of financial capital, and Israeli technical know-how,

Collaboration on arms

Collaboration on arms provides just one illustration of this. Recent measures taken by the South African government. which will give it the effective power to requisition any industrial plant it wishes for the

purpose of arms production, indicate that South Africa is in the position of being able to manufacture at home most of the arms she is likely to need on the basis of what she already has in her armouries. At the same time, she is anxious to keep abreast of technical developments. Hence South Africa's supply of funds for a new version of the Israeli Reshef warship, A number of the original Reshefs are already in service with the South African navy, and South African engineers and technicians have been watching over the construction of the new im-

proved Reshef in the shipyards of Haifa. Hence also the cooperation between Israel and South Africa in the field of armour development. In return for providing the special steel Israel required for its home-produced Chariot tank, Israel has provided technicians to modernise 150 South African Centurions. And as long as Israel is her-self protected from a Security Council arms embargo by a U.S. veto (it was, after all, only a change in U.S. policy which permitted the embargo on South Africa) she will probably not to be too squeamish about quietly providing South Africa with small military items of highly-advanced technology, such as anti-guerrilla alarm systems, night vision devices and computers, as well as advanced small arms.

Energy cooperation

There are other key areas, so far completely outside the scope of international action, where Israeli-South African cooperation is growing. Energy is one field, in which contingency plans are being prepared by the two countries to cover possible future termination of oil supplies. Both Israel and South Africa feel vulnerable here, due to their dependence on Iran, but South Africa possesses enough reserves of an alternative energy-coal-to supply them both. In 1976,. South Africa signed a highly lucrative 10-year agreement for

the supply of coal to Israel. Israel's electricity-intensive economy is based on a power industry at present entirely dependent on oil, but there are plans for the conversion of oilburning stations to coal, as well as for the construction of a major new coal-burning station between Haifa and Tel Aviv. Meanwhile there are other aspects of research and development in energy in South Africa which are likely to be significant in the event of an boycott. South Africa already has two plants producing oil from coal, South African scientists are to begin research on the generation of energy from sea motion, and are to explore the potential of solar energy. South Africa also has the world's largest reserves of uranium, and has developed her own enrichment process. Thus, in withstanding actual

or potential international pressure in the crucial spheres of arms and energy, South Africa and Israel obviously have a lot to offer each other as allies. However, some liberal South African Jews, as well as Jewish liberals in the U.S. question whether such an alliance should be cultivated on the grounds that Israel's international reputation as a liberal democracy. already under threat, is likely to be damaged beyond repair by a retreat into the laager with South Africa-a policy which, they feel, will prove to be a self-fulfilling prophecy. In fact, though, there is at the most basic political level a community of interest and feeling between Israel and South Africa which, given the appropriate international conditions, provides fertile ground for an alliance between the two states to flourish. This basic similarity has al-

ways been felt more keenly by South African politicians than by politicians in Israel, Generai Smuts, the proponent of English-Afrikaner "fusion", had a strong personal sympathy for Zionism. But the most respectable representative body of Afrikaner opinion, the Nationalist Party under Dr. Daniel F. Malan, was concerned to advance the interests of the Afrikaner nation by following a policy of pragmatism. In the light of this, sympathy for Germany before and during the war as the enemy of Britain, and the anti-Semitism which arose among Afrikaners as a result, was not irreconcilable with the policy of support for the creation of Israel and the acceptance of South African Jews as part of the White minority followed by Mr. - Malan

after his election victory over Mr. Smuts in 1948. An independen; state in Palestine was now seen as the most effective blow against the British Empire for which the Afrikaners could hope, and Mr. Malan's wooing of the Jewish community within South Africa itself strengthened the Afrikaner hand against the English-speaking pro-British section of the white population. But in adopting these policies, the Afrikaners discovered a deeper sympathy with Jewish aspirations as focused on Israel. As the post-1948 Afrikaner state was based first and foremost on a strong nationalist ideology, so too was the Zionist state of Israel

Nationalist ideology

In terms of nationalist ideology, the accession of Menachem Begin to the premiership of Israel in last May's elections suggests that Israel may now have passed through a political water-shed similar to Dr. Malan's Nationalist Party victory in South Africa in 1948. As the ideological heir to Vladimir Jabotinsky, the Zio-nist Revisionist leader who was Mr. Begin's political mentor until his death in 1940, the new Israeli prime minister has a very different idea of the state of Israel from that of his Labour predecessors. For Mr. Begin the accent is on sovereignty, statehood and the right of the Jews to hold sway over the entire Biblical homeland of Eretz Yisrael. This is a marked contrast with the secular, socialist-collective orthodoxy championed by the official Zionists, which has determined the broad outline of Israeli policy since 1948. It will also sound familiar to Afrikaners, who have always viewed themselves as a strong people with a mission as the collective instrument of divine purpose, entitled to their homeland by divine sanction, and for whom political liberty comes a poor second to the preservation of the state to which the nation gives rise.

It is not yet clear whether Mr. Begin, in implementing his concept of Zionist nationalism. intends to follow similar domestic policies to those which have been employed in South Africa by Mr. Malan, Dr. Verwoerd and Dr. Vorster since 1948. But Mr. Begin's talk of "cultural autonomy" for the Arabs within Israel. and of self-government with limited powers on the West Bank under a so-called "moderate" leadership, scunds ominously like a policy for a Palestinian Bantustan. Both Dr. Verwoerd and Dr. Vorster have in the past spoken of Israel as a fellow apartheid state. Whether Mr. Begin's particular brand of Zionist nationalism will eventually result in Israel's Arab minority being treated in a similar way to South Africa's black majority remains to be seen.

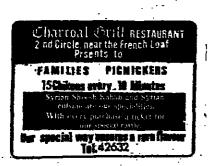
External factors

Ultimately, though, the re-inforcement or otherwise of

the Israel-South African alliance depends on external factors. Regional detente-in the Middle East through some sort of peace agreement between Israel and her neighbours, and in Southern Africa by a peaceful transition to majority rule in Rhodesia and an end to "petty apartheid" in South Africa-may reduce the need for such an alliance. But a failure of U.S. policy in these two areas could, in contrast, lead to a heightened awareness in both Israel and South Africa of their isolation and at the same time their strategic importance to each other. protecting respectively Suez and the Cape Sea Route. Both countries have had nuclear programmes since the 1950's; in addition as mentioned above, South Africa is able to produce its own enriched uranium. Generally, though, the Israeli programme is believed to be more advanced as far as weapons capability is con-cerned. The U.S. State Department is aware, according to some sources, of low-level cooperation between Israel and South Africa in nuclear technology, and there have been reports of an influx of Israeli nuclear physicists into Pretoria during the last eighteen months. Both Israel and South Africa have stated in the past that they will, if necessary, use all available means to defend themselves. It seems unlikely that an international situation demanding coordinated Israeli-South African nuclear action could ever arise without having developed into a superpower conflict first. But this particular marriage of South African raw materials and Israeli know-how, outside international control and acting as a destabilising factor in regions of serious tension will, if seriously pursued, give the impression that isolation together, against the rest of the world is for both states preferable to the unpalatable political decisions which will otherwise have to be made.







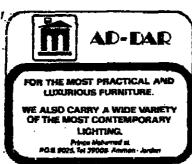






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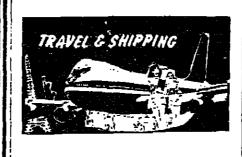


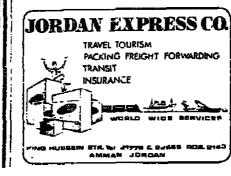






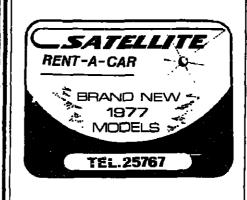


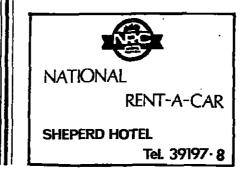










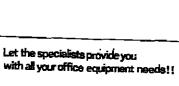












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Karamanlis arrives in Brussels

Britain reiterates support for Greek membership in EEC

BRUSSELS, Belgium, Jan. 26 (Agencies). - Greek Prime Minister Constantine Karamanlis flew here today for a two-day official visit to press for Greek membership in the European Common Market. He was welcomed at Brussels Airport by the Greek ambassadors to Belgium, the Common Market and NATO, and immediately began talks with Belgian Premier Leo Tindemans and Foreign Minister Henri Simonet. Mr. Karamanlis will meet with NATO Secretary General Joseph Luns and discuss Greece's special problems in the Atlantic alliance. Greece withdrew its troops from Allied Command when its military government was toppled in 1974, but remained in its Political Council.

Friday the prime minister will be received by King Baudouin and spend the rest of the day in talks with European Commission President Roy Jenkins and other top European

One problem in obtaining Greek Common Market membership is that Greek farm products would compete heavily with southern French and Italian goods. However, a spo-kesman said Common Market

Nearly 80% of Indians live below official poverty line

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26 (R). Nearly 80 per cent of India's 650 million people live under the official poverty line, Lahour Minister Ravindra Verma said yesterday.

He told a national conference on unorganised rural labour that the figures made him shudder.

"The magnitude of this question is something which is shocking," he added. "When we meet in annual conference we talk of the magnitude of the problem whether we are social workers or trade unionists. Then we go back and forget the shocking nature of the problem."

Mr. Verma calculated the national poverty line at 55 rupees (nearly \$7) per head

per month. He said it was estimated that between three and five million people live as bonded labourers under conditions which "send a shiver down your spine."

By Joe Scicluna

VALLETTA, Malta - A

government plan to make Malta a neutral, non-aligned

state in the middle of the Me-

diterranean with its status guaranteed and the island be-

ing economically supported by

four Mediterranean nations,

appears to have run into some

difficulty.
Prime Minister Don Mintoff,

determined that Malta will never again be a foreigner's mili-

tary base, asked Libya, Algeria,

France and Italy to support his

idea and up to some time ago,

there was every indication that

the plan was on the way to

In June Mr. Mintoff told

foreign journalists covering a

conference of Progressive So-

cialist Organisations and Parti-

es of the Mediterranean, that

his talks in Paris and Rome

able to announce an agree-ment on the more substantial

parts of an accord to come

into effect when a seven-year agreement granting base facilities for British forces for which Britain and other NATO

countries (including Italy) paid

£14 million a year, would come

to its end on March 31. 1979. But at the end of 1977 Mr. Mintoff was talking in a diff-

erent vein. He told narliament that, through Herr Hans Diet-

rich Genscher, the West German Foreign Minister, he had asked West Germany in help

Italy and France with financial aid to Maita after 1979, since

these two countries had indi-

cated that they could not ac-

cede to Malta's request for fin-

ancial and economic aid.

Mr. Mintoff also put before

He said he might soon be

had made progress.

Little more than a year remains before the seven-year NATO agreement giving Britain base facilities in Malta comes to an

end. Prime Minister Mintoff has been busy lately trying to set

up a deal with Libya, Algeria, France and Italy that will guaran-

tee its status as a non-aligned state. But France and Italy now

say they cannot help Malta financially and Mintoff has said he has plans for a deal with Libya alone if the European countries

Herr Genscher what he called

"fundamental points". Malta, he said, had a great desire for

an agreement with interested

European states on a status of

neutrality.
But this agreement had to

be "eagerly supported" by the

European community and must

have economic support. Malta

was not prepared to let more time pass for negotiations

which had started years ago to

reach a proper conclusion.

What Malta was offering would be realised if everybody carri-

Then came the surprise. Mal-

ta, he revealed, already had

plans for an alternative agree-

ment with Libya if talks with

European countries failed. He

said: "It is very dangerous for Malta to wait more than it should to learn what European

countries would do after 1979."

Mr. Mintoff later said the agreement with Libya was held in reserve and that Malta

would take it if no agreement was reached with European states. Malta, he said, had every right to ally itself with Libya and he knew Italy would not like that

It is generally believed that

It is generally believed that the worked hardest to ensure the signing of the Malta-NATO agreement in 1972 simply because it wanted to keep Malta from allying itself with the Libya of Col. Qadhafi who once

offered union between the two countries. The offer was politely refused but relations between Mintoff and Qadhafi remain of the best and the Lib-

vans are still prepared to help

Malta, even if they have to go

Many Maltese fear failure

ed the burden.

not like that.

talks with Greece on farm problems probably will not start before next summer.

Mr. Karamanlis is accom-

ing the nine-nation European

Community treated separately

seeking entry -- Portugal and

Callaghan's office said that the

British leader expressed the

hope that negotiations on the

Greek application might start

after the nexi meeting of the

Common Market foreign minis-

ters next month because Brita-

in had always regarded Gre-

ece as an integral part of

Cyprus dispute

two prime ministers were agreed on the urgent need to find

On the Cyprus dispute, the

A press statement from Mr.

Spain.

from that of other countries

communities. panied by the Greek Minister The British statement said in Charge of Relations with the Common Market, George that Mr. Karamanlis emphasised that his government was "ready and willing to do every-Contogeorgis. thing possible to help in the search for a solution." British support

Britain's support for Greek Mr. Callaghan said he remembership of the Common Market was reiterated during garded it as a step forward that the new Turkish Prime Minister, Mr. Bulent Ecevit, three-hour talks in London yesterday between Prime Mihad promised certain proposals of substance regarding bonisters James Callaghan and Karamanlis. th the territory and the con-stitution of the Mediterranean Mr. Callaghan made it clear that Britain would like to see island. the Greek application for join-

The British prime minister hoped that as a result of these proposals Greece and Turkey would be able to carry their negotiations forward.

a peaceful and permanen; 50-

lution that would benefit the island's Greek and Turkish

Meanwhile, the British government, said Mr. Callaghan, would do what it could to help with all the problems facing Greece," the statement added. The prime ministers also dis-

cussed certain trade questions between their two countries. Later they were joined by other British ministers and officials for a wide discussion covering NATO questions and the present situation in the Aegean -- where Greece and Turkey have the dispute over territorial and sea exploration ri-

Malta could go it alone with Libya

if European countries won't help

Palermo |

TRIPOLI

by Europe to help would put

the island firmly into Qadhafi's

lap and sever its link with

Europe to which the island be-longs. Mr. Mintoff, in asking two European Mediterranean

countries to guarantee Malta's

new status, seems to value the European connection. Because of that, he has called on West

Germany to lend a hand. Mr. Mintoff has had sooth-

ing words form Herr Genscher,

who at a meeting in September, took it upon himself to

urge the EEC states and their

allies to give besides moral support material guarantees to Malta to enable it to enjoy

what he described as genuine

neutrality after 1979. He said West Germany was

prepared to give its economic

and financial contribution so

long as it was joined by other interested Western countries.

Mr. Mintoff said Herr Genscher

had urged Malta to carry on

CENTRAL

TUNIS

Tunisia

Athens unions stage 24-hour pay strike

ATHENS, Greece, Jan. 26 (Agencies). — Seventy Athens trade unions staged a 24-hour strike today calling for 30 per cent wage increases. But labour sources said they registered only partial success in keeping away their members due to the lateness in calling the strike.

The strikers are demanding minimum daily wages of 360 drachmas or \$10 dollars, plus the establishment of a five-day, 40-hour working week. The employers have stated that they can not accept more than 320 drachmas or \$8.9 as a daily minimum. The strikers also announced they considered the official leadership of the General Confederation of Labour incapable of

Dayan accuses EEC of OPEC oil price going back on promise rise before June ministerial to cut import duties

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Jan. 26 (R). — Israeli Defence Minister Moshe Davan vesterday accused the European Economic Community (EEC) of reneging on its promise to cut duties on Israeli citrus imports. The minister told the Knesset here that from Jan.

1, England, Denmark and Ireland had even raised duties on Israeli citrus. Mr. Dayan said the EEC violated its agreement

and that Israel demanded the immediate convening of the joint standing committee to discuss the issue. He said the main opponents of improved conditions for Israeli citrus were Italy, which feared Israeli competition, and France which looks after Moroccan and Algerian interests.

Chinese official visits Brussels for talks on trade increase with EEC

PEKING, Jan. 26 (R). - A senior Chinese trade official left for Brussels today for talks on a trade agreement between China and the European Economic Community.

Mr. Sun So-chang, Director of the Third Bureau of the Foreign Trade Ministry, is due to arrive in Brussels late tomorrow after an overnight stop at Bucharest. The discussions with EEC officials are due to start next Monday. Mr. Sun was recently pro-

moted to head the Third Bu-

reau, which deals with trade relations between China and Western Europe, the Americas and Oceania. He has travelled extensively as a deputy director of the bureau since 1971. He told Reuter in an airport interview the Brussels talks -- expected to last about a week -- were mainly for discussions over the text of the agreement, which is designed to promote trade bet-

ween China and the EEC. There have been several pre-liminary rounds of talks, starting with the visit by an EEC delegation to Peking in the middle of last year. "We hope and we also be-

MEDITERRANEAN

Mediterranean

with its useful role as a bridge

of peace between Europe and

ernments were trying to un-dermine Malta's efforts toward

achieving its ends, Mr. Mintoff

said. He even threatened to close the British base before

the expiry of the agreement with Britain and NATO if he

suspected that some govern-ment was making such pres-

Mr. Mintoff's message switfly. Foreign Minister Arnaldo For-

lani said Italy was prepared to examine Malta's declaration of neutrality and "having taken notice, to agree to the proper

ways for a new reciprocal col-laboration." The French have

Everything appears to hang in the balance. The next three

or four months could be criti-

cal for Malta. It cannot afford

not said anything yet.

The Italians apparently took

Other unnamed foreign gov-

Arabs.

Libya

ions will be carried cut smoothly. We think the agreement is a reflection of our relation-ship with the community," Mr. Sun said.

He said it was hoped that Foreign Trade Minister Li Chiang would visit Europe for the formal signing of the ag-

Asked when this would be. Mr. Sun said: "We don't know vet. It depends on this visit and also on the formalities with the community."

The date for signing the agreement would be one of the things discussed in Brussels by the seven-member Peking delegation.

Asked about the current trade imbalance with EEC countries in China's favour, Mr. Sun said. "It's only a temporary phenomenon that we have a surplus in our trade with the community. In the past for quite a long period we had a deficit."

He added "We hope that after we have signed the agreement that trade will be increased."

The EEC is currently China's second biggest trading

LONDON, (F.T.) - President two-way operation as soon as Giscard d'Estaing and Prime Minister Callaghan recently gave the go-ahead for a 2,000 megawatt electric power cable link under the Channel. The only proviso is that it must commercially successful. Following successful operation of similar cables, it is likely that the £220 m. scheme will be completed in the next four

The advantage to both the British Central Electricity Generating Board and Electricite de France is that large blocks of power can be profitably transferred from one country to another to meet peak power demands. In France, workers tend to start and finish work earlier than in Britain, so EdF may have surplus capacity to meet the later peak demand on the other side of

The 2,000 megawatt link could in the long term be a method of sending "coal by wire" from Britain and saving France from importing some 500,000 tons of oil a year -at least until EdF's ambitious nuclear programme comes on

The cost of the new link is comparable with that of a 2,000 megawatt power station.

Norwegian-Denmark scheme

British and French planners have been encouraged by the recent successful commercial operation of the longest undersea power link in the world -- the 130 km. long twin electric power cable under the Skagerrak between Norway and Denmark, This realises a plan that had been discussed between the two countries for more than 50 years. The original idea was mainly to find an export market for Norway's abundant hydropower, but the drought last summer in Norway led to the twin cable was commissioned.

Norway sends power Denmark in response to the needs of her morning and evening peaks, which are the steepest in Europe. At night and weekends, power stations in Denmark provide Norway with up to 500 megawatt of off-peak power through the kilovolt direct current link.

Norwegian system is The entirely hydro-electric and the Danish utilities entirely thermal, so the two systems complement each other. The Norwegians reckon that completion of the cable enabled them to postpone the building of a 500 megawatt thermal power station which growth in demand would have required by the mid 70's.

A major obstacle to the scheme was the 530 metre maximum depth of the Skagerrak and 80 kms. of test cable was first laid in the Hardanger Fjord to develop suitable laying and repair tech-

Construction of the £18 m. heavily armoured cable in a specially built factory at Halden in Norway proved to be the most expensive part of the scheme. The converter stations at Kristiansand in Norway, and Tjele in Denmark's Jut-land cost £9 m.

Each of the twin cables weighed 6,000 tons and each was made in one length, loaded on a ship of special design and then slowly lowered to the seabed.

The cable is so heavy that it cannot be picked up again in case of damage. Necessary repairs are made by blasting the damaged part of the ca-ble asunder and then splicing in a new section from a miniature submarine. One cable can still carry current if it is not too badly damaged. The return current passes through

the water. There is already enthusiasm for doubling the capacity of this link by laying another double cable. The over head transmission towers on the land-based section of the run can already cope with the extra load.

Although the Norwegian demand for electricity is rising at more than five per cent a year, there are environmental objections to thermal, and even to more hydro-electric, stations. To meet these ob-jections North Sea platforms with gas turbine generators and undersea cable connections have been suggested.

Although submarine cables are as reliable as land installations, the severe environmental conditions in which they operate call for special construction. If repairs are required major operations have to be mounted.

One of the three Cook Strait cables, between the North and South Island of New Zealand, was recently repaired by such an operation The Cook Strait crossing. which has given many years

of satisfactory service, consis-

ed oil with high sulfur content, less in demand for environmen, tal reasons, at reduced prices. Mr. Zaheri suggested it was unlikely that OPEC member countries would arrive at a uniform production programme in

the near future. He indicated individual countries have increasingly geared output to the extent of their own oil reserves, production capacity and the vary. ing need for foreign exchange funds to finance investment projects at home.

Another OPEC meeting will be held in Vienna soon, Mr. Zaheri announced, with a Gas Committee discussing a joint natural gas policy of OPEC countries,

According to data released by OPEC, natural gas produc-tion worldwide in 1977 amount. ed to 1,637 billion cubic meters, with OPEC participating to the extent of 254 billion co. bic meters, that is approximately 16 per cent of the total

Britain and France devise scheme for energy sharing

conference, says spokesman

changed somewhat in the last

Before the Venezueia con-

ference, consumer countries re-

portedly were stockpiling crude

oil in anticipation of a price rise, the market has stabilised as demand for oil decreased.

Mr. Zaheri said OPEC Secre-

tary General Ali Jaidah is cur-rently talking to the five major producing countries in OPEC

Kuwait and Venezuela -- to

prepare a Ministerial Commit-

tee meeting slated to open in Geneva Feb. 1.

session will deal with "diffe-

rentials" -- premiums added

to or reducted from the price

of oil, depending on quality,

sulfur content or nearness to

consumer ports.

OPEC has tried for a num-

ber of years to streamline the

premiums but so far has not

Several OPEC countries are

arrived at a solid agreement.

known to have recently offer-

The Ministerial Committee

Saudi Arabia, Iran, Iraq,

couple of months.

A projected cable under the Channel will rationalise electricity production in Britain and France. It will allow the transfer of massive amounts of power from one country to the other during their different hours of peak need.

VIENNA, Jan. 26 (Agencies).

- The crude oil price, now fro-zen at \$12,70 per barrel is un-

likely to be raised prior to the

next full ministerial conferen-

ce of the Organisation of Pe-

troleum Exporting Countries, Hamid Zaheri, an OPEC de-

The conference is scheduled for June 15, but the venue is

still undecided. At the minis-

terial meeting at Carabelleda,

Venezuela, last December, the

13-member oil cartel failed to

agree on fixing prices for 1978.

nisters said a freeze during the

coming six months was possible

but not certain, Mr. Zaheri now

suggested in an interview the

oil price would "in all proba-

The chief advocate of a pri-

ce freeze. Saudi Arabian Oil Minister Sheikh Ahmad Zaki

Yamani, at the last meeting

said the glut of oil on the mar-

ket imposed the continued fre-

eze, but the situation has

bility" remain unchanged.

While at that time the mi-

partment chief said today.

the Channel. The value of an earlier 160 megawatt system between Britain and France was shown in the severe winter of 1962-63 when EdF helped the U.K. grid system which could not otherwise cope with the de-mand made on it.

In the long hot summer of 1976. Britain was able to export supplies to make up for loss of capacity in France's hydro-electric stations.

stream.

The cable would not need any large building; only small converter stations at Dungeness and Boulogne. The technique planned is that of using four pairs of high voltage direct current cable in 1.5 metre deep trenches on the Channel bed. The use of high voltage direct current means that longer cables can be used than with alternating current. The conversion from the a.c. systems on each side of the Channel is expected to be carried out in converter stations equipped with thyristor (solid state) valves instead of the larger mercury are valves used in the present Channel link. This d.c. power is also instantly controllable by modern switching techniques which enable the flow of big blocks of power to be switched on or even reversed in split se-

ghting Hay on the Scuth la land and Oteranga Bay in the north. Because one cable serves as a spare there was as interruption of supply during the repair. The operation involved rel-

tting the 10,000 ton bulk can rier Photinia, which had transported and laid the cables is 1964, with as much as possible of the original cable-handing equipment.

ts of three 250 kilowatt cables

laid in continuous lengths

1000 metres apart across the

40 km. of strait between Fi-

Photinia was positional with the aid of auxiliary craft and the damaged cable was then found, lifted, and blasted apart. A 2000 metre length of new cable was used for the repair.

Although such repairs at necessarily lengthy and costly, the success of the Cook Strat operation proves that they an erfectly possible.

In Canada undersea powe cables have been successfully installed connecting Vancouve Island with mainland Britis Columbia, and under the No rthumberland Strait between Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick.

Tapping remote sources

The techniques developed for his gh voltage direct current transmission are of course not confined to submarine cables and are being increasingly applied to overhead transmission lines when the generating source is some distance from the consumption centre.

Some of the longest transmission lines have been conmissioned in N. America, and also for the Inga Shaba and Cabora Bassa schemes in Africa.

There is a big future fat high voltage interconnections as more remote power sources are exploited and as energy conservation makes it advantageous to link together the power grids of neighbouring

countries.
When the Channel link is completed Britain's total caps city of more than 55,000 me gawatts would be linked with the French system of compa-able size and through that is other European countries So ch interdependence can prod an important energy-saver the countries involved.

> -- Financial Times News-Features

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

Jordanian fi Buying/sellin

312.00/3144 611.00/615.0 U.S. dollar U.K. sterling W. German mark 149.10/150 159.90/1601 Swiss franc Italian lire (for 129.80/130 139.10/1395

every 100) Japanese yen (for every 100) Dutch guilder Belgian franc (for every ten) 67.40/671

م كذا من الأمل

Mediterranean Sea

Benghazi

EGYPT -

to wait. March 31, 1979 is

rapidly approaching; the British continue with their run-

down -- an RAF squadron of

planes used for watching the

Soviet navy, was disbanded at the end of December, leaving

only a squadron of Canberra aircraft on the island. The army has disappeared and the

navy is rarely seen these days. The British, in any case, have

said they no longer need a

base in Malta.

NATO might think otherwise. It is much in their inte-

rest to keep anvone out of the island. If in 1972 NATO agreed

to pay £14 million a year for an island which to them was

of negative value, they could

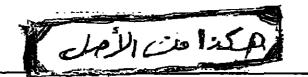
well, without appearing to do it as NATO, do the same thing

if only to ensure that Malta

would remain well and truly neutral and non-aligned to the

benefit of all and the advant-

age of none.



ditor's note: Your Daily Horoscope has not arrived yet. We hope to continue the column as soon as possible.

By Barnes



Oh. Here comes Mrs. Parker. If you'll take care of holdup man that comes in."

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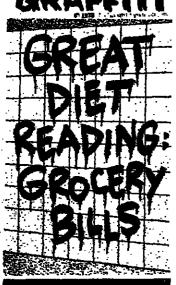
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PEANUTE







andy capp YOU TAKE A LOT OF CHANCES IN THAT KITCHEN, TCH! THIS IS ABSOLUTELY CROZEN FOODE TASTELESS! I WISH I WAS BACK AT ME MOTHER'S, FLO - YOU ... GETTIN' A REAL MEAL SHOULD SHADDUP!















'To make Stanley's birthday something special, I think I'll sneak up behind him and yell, "Goodby!"

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Rob I ac Unscramble these four Jumbles. one letter to each square, to form **LAVEG** TACHY **SMIREY** THE SORT OF THING JUNK DEALERS MIGHT FIGHT OVER. **PERRAY** Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-

gested by the above cartoon. (Answers tomorrow)

Jumbles: NOBLE FENCE DEBATE OVERDO Yesterday's Answer: One needs another to write it - ELEVEN

his partner and select four spades as the final contract. Regardless of what East leads, three no trump has no play whatsoever, for the defenders are entitled to three club tricks and the two major-suit aces if they are careful.

CORED BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF © 1976 by Chicago Tribune

Neither vulnerable. North

deals. NORTH **+42** 7 Q 10 9 2 ◇ A K Q **♦ K Q 5 2** WEST **EAST**

4 A 6

? A 65 ♥8743 0109832 074 1074 **+** A J 9 8 SOUTH **★ KQJ1095** ΥКJ

4873

+63 The bidding: North East South West 1 Pass 1 Pass 1 NT Pass 3 Pass 3NT Pass 4 4

Pass Pass Opening lead: Ten of ... Study the layout of this

hand and then decide whether you would rather play or defend four spades after West leads the ten of diamonds. South did well to overrule

Suppose you elect to defend. Declarer wins the dia-

mond lead in dummy and leads a trump to the king. If you win the ace and return a diamond, declarer can coast home. He wins and draws trumps, and then concedes two tricks to the acc of hearts and the ace of clubs, but that is all.

However, West can improve on this defense. Suppose he allows declarer to win the king of spades. Now, when declarer continues with a second spade, West wins the ace and puts declarer back in dummy with a diamond. That makes a vast difference, for declarer has no quick entry back to his hand. When South tries to get back with a heart. West wins the ace and gives his partner a diamond ruff for down one.

However, that does not mean that you should elect to defend. As declarer, you can make sure of the contract. Win the opening diamond and lead a spade to the king. When West holds off the ace of spades, don't make the mistake of continuing with a second trump. Instead, switch your attention to hearts.

West can win the king of hearts and put you back in dummy with a diamond, but you have a counter. Cash the queen of hearts and continue with the ten, on which you discard your remaining diamond. Now you can revert to drawing trumps, and the defenders can score no more than their three aces.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE 24. Quarrel **ACROSS** 25. Chagrined 28. Experiment 1. Chalice 30. Marsh 4. Rabble 31. Pronoun 7. Caffein-rich BIBS CURTAIN 32. Censured 11. Large head Medina Arab 35. Bombyx scarf 13. Drooping on 37. College in Cedar Rapids one side YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION Young social-Oriental 8. A paladin of Christian ite: abbr. 39. Storage chest Charlemagne Indigenous 41. Buddhist 9. Nothing, in 17. Appeal 19. Offend 10. Vertex 20. Mature, as 43. Ineffective 2. Executive 12. Indian mail delivery



King Arthur's lance Cheer Edible leafstalks 27. Ido 29. Pendentice mass Toli 33. Hamlets **Penthouse** 35. Site of ancient Olympic games 36. Floated on water 38. Female antelope 40. Japanese sword 41. Attempt **APNewsfeatures** 1/20 45. By

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION

Channel 3 & 6: 10:15 Cartoons
10:30 Arabic programme
11:40 Religious programme
12:20 Vision on
12:30 Secrets of the sea
13:10 Animated classics
14:00 Soccer match
14:50 Arabic play
15:30 Laure and Hardy
16:10 Arabic series

20:00 News in Arabic 23:00 News in Arabic Channel 3: 19:30 Religious programme 20:30 Arabic series 21:20 Arabic series Channel 6: 19:30 News in Hebrew 19:45 Füler 20:30 Fawity towers 21:10 The brothers 22:00 News in English 22:15 Baretta

RADIO JORDAN

7:00 Breakfast show 7:30 News bulletin 8:00 Morning show 10:00 News Headlines

10:30 My kind of musi

11:00 Listeners choice 12:00 News headlines 12:03 Pop session

troys 17:30 Arabic play

14:00 News bulletin 14:30 Travels of Ibn Batuta 15:00 Concert hour 16:00 Pop session Jordan weekly Pop session News summary 17:00 17:30 16:00 18:05 18:30

Faces and places
Melody time
News bulletin
News reports
Signing off 19:00 19:10 19:30

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14:30 Glorious Sound of

King's 15:00 Radio Newsree! News; 24 Hours Sarah Ward World Today News 05:30 Sarah Ward 05:45 World Today 06:30 What's New 07:30 What's New 07:30 Sarah Ward 07:45 Merchant Navy 08:00 News, Reflections 08:15 Schabel plays Beetho-15...5 Outlook
16:00 News; Commentary
16:15 Science in Action
16:45 World Today
17:00 News; Book Choice
17:15 Music Now
17:45 Sports Round-up
18:00 News; News about Britain
18:15 Radio Newsreel
18:30 Folk and Country
19:00 Outlook; News Summary Uuttook 723¥ 08:30 Take it or Leave it 09:00 News; Press Review 09:15 World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:45 Music Now 10:15 Merchant, Navy mary
Stock Market Report
About Britain
News; 24 Hours 19:45 20:00 20:30 21:00 20:30 Pop Goes the Music 21:00 World Radio Club 21:15 Sarah Ward Requests 10:30 Science in Action 11:00 News; News about 22:00 News; World Today 22:25 Financial News 22:25 Book Choice; Reflectio tain
11:15 Face of England
11:30 Bob Holness
12:00 Radio Newsreel 11:30 Face of England 11:30 Bob Holness 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 My Music 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:90 News; 24 Hours 13:30 Radio Theatre 14:15 Don't Miss! 22:45 Sports Round-up
23:00 News; Commentary
23:15 From the Weeklies
23:30 Folk and Country

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ries. Feature : Short Stories. News Summa-The Breakfast Show News. on the hour and 28 hews and lopical Re-ports
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AMMAN AIRPORT

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	22	22:00 Cairo 22:35 Rawalpindi 22:55 Doha, Muscat

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· · · ·

Real kidnappers of Baron Empain demand undisclosed ransom

PARIS, Jan. 26 (Agencies). — The kidnappers of Belgian industrialist Baron Edouard-Jean Empain have contacted his family and demanded a ransom, French authorities announced today. The kidnappers have also provided proof they are holding the 40-year-old nobleman, according to a spokesman for the Ministry of Interior. M. Gerard Berger, the ministry spokesman, did not reveal the amount of the ransom demanded for the safe return of the handsome heir to one of Europe's largest industrial empires.

Masked gunmen ambushed Baron Empain's car on Monday morning in front of his Paris apartment and then drove off with him in

his own car. The Interior Ministry said the contact was the first confirmed word from the kidnappers, though there has been a spate of anonymous calls claiming responsibility for the

The kidnappers ransom de-

mand did not appear to be of a political character, M. Berger said.

To prove they were actually

holding the baron, the kid-nappers provided a letter wri-tten and signed by him, sources said.

The ransom was said to be several billion old francs, which would mean in the range of \$5 million to \$10 million,

sources said. The Interior Ministry refus-

Kyprianou sole Cypriot presidential candidate

NICOSIA, Jan. 26 (Agencies). Greek-Cypriot leader Spyros Kyprianou was assured of a full five-year term as president of this island republic today, when he emerged the sole candidate at the close

of nominations. He is to be declared president by acclamation this evening, Information Ministry officials announced.

Mr. Kyprianou becomes president in his own right, after serving out six months of the remaining term of the late Archbishop Makarios, who died last August Mr. Kyprianou, as parliament speaker, was next in the constitutional line

Mr. Kyprianou has been supported by his own Democratic Party and the powerful Akel Communist Party, the two maior political organisations in the House of Representatives. As a gesture of solidarity with Mr. Kyprianou, Mr. Glafcos Clerides, leader of the Cypriot Democratic Rally Par-

ty, withdrew his candidacy last month during the kidnapping

of Mr. Kyprianou's eldest son,

Achilleas. The son, 19-year-old army Second Lt. Achilleas, was released Dec. 18 four days after his captors had demanded amnesty for political detainees. The amnesty was never granted, the abductors collapsed and were offered safe-con-

"I can sacrifice my son, but never my country," Mr. Kyprianou said at the time.

Mr. Kyprianou, a 45-year-old British-trained lawyer, served 12 years as Foreign Minister under President Makarios, after the island gained independence from Britain in 1960. Under pressure from Greek junta in Athens, Mr. Kyprianou resigned in 1972 and shunned political activities for two years.

beginning of the fall of the

great political giant? And for what reasons did Mrs. Gandhi

It had become evident that

Mrs. Gandhi could not have her way in the united Cong-

ress. Mr. Brahmananda Reddy,

party President, would not play

second string to her.

resort to the drastic step?

ed to give any details of the contact beyond its carefullyworded statement.

The baron's Empain-Schneider Industrial Group, with 150 companies employing some 120,000 workers world-wide, is involved in steel, shipping, banking, real estate and in the politically-sensitive production of arms and nuclear power

This led many French newspapers to speculate the baron had been abducted for political reasons.

Numerous anonymous telephone calls, claiming to represent extremist political groups on both the left and the right, have been received by news organisations in France. French authorities investigated each call but until today had repeatedly stated there was no substantive development in the case.

The only real ciue until today appeared to have been provided by the baron's 62year-old chauffeur, Jean Ropis, who told police and reporters he believed one of the kldnappers was German.

Smith, black negotiators agree principles, move on to details

team of American experts in radiation detection prepare on Wednesday to fly aboard a U.S.

air force Boeing 707 from Las Vegas to the vicinity of Yellowknile, in Canada's Northwest Ter-

ritories Province to help in the search for nuclear contamination there following the disintegr

ration on Monday of a Soviet satellite in the atmosphere. (AP wirephoto)

SALISBURY, Jan. 26 (Agencies). — Black and white Rhodesian negotiators met again today seeking agreement on a time-scale for an interim government to oversee transition to black majority rule in Rho-

Prime Minister Ian Smith and black nationalist leaders

Bishop Abel Muzorewa, the Rev. Ndabaningi Sithole and tribal Chief Jeremiah Chirau have agreed to the principles of a new constitution, sources

Algeria slammed over Sahara

RABAT, Jan. 26 (R). - Moroccan officials consider that Algeria is trying to abort efforts to convene an OAU summit on the Western Sahara, according to the Moroccan news agency MAP. It said yesterday there had been a recent increase of "triumphalist communiques from Algiers about imaginary victorious operations by Algerian mercenaries" -- a reference to statements issued by the Polisario front in the Algerian capital about operations in the former Spanish Sahara, Gabonese President Omar Bongo has proposed that a summit be held in Libreville at the end of March, under the auspices of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) and grouping countries involved in the Western Sahara dispute. Algerian-backed guerrillas of the Polisario front have been fighting Morocco and Mauritania, to whom the territory was ceded jointly by Spain in February

There are built-in safeguards in the constitution for Rhodesia's 268,000 whites for the first ten years after the estab-

government, including a parliamentary blocking mechanism. The four leaders have now turned their attention to the mechanics of forming the interim multi-racial administration which would be charged with finalising the new constitution, deciding the composition of the armed forces and

lishment of a majority rule

organising one-man, one-vote The rapidly developing consensus being reached in Salisbury comes just before Monday's meeting in Malta between U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations Andrew Young. British Foreign Secretary Da-vid Owen, and leaders of the two black nationalist guerrilla movements. Robert Mucabe and Joshua Nkomo, who have

set:lement initiative. Sources close to the talks said the four leaders had decided to refer the problem of the time-scale for the interim administration to their legal committees following widely differing views put forward at

been shut out of the current

the last round of negotiations

The sources said the leaders had agreed that the broadbased government should be tied with their agreement on the new majority rule constitution as a "package deal." The overall agreement, said the sources, would be put to

four leaders and their respective political party delegations for final ratification. One source said that if there were no snags over the time-

a full plenary session of the

scale for the interim administration, a plenary session couid be called on Friday.

increasingly serious nature from Jan. 1-20, including at-HONG KONG, Jan. 26 (R).

— Vietnam today accused
Cambodian soldiers of murdering and disembowelling Camusing long-range guns. bodian civilians and then claiming the atrocities were com-mitted by the Victnamese.

says Viet official

Cambodia blames its

atrocities on us,

The accusation was made a press conference in Ho Chi Minh City (formerly Saigon) by Mgo Dien, Assistant to Foreign Minister Mguyen Duc Trinh, the Vietnam News Agen-

Cambodian soldier prisoners before almost 100 Vietnamesa and foreign journalists, also accused Cambodia of planning attacks against Vietnam long before diplomatic relations were broken off by Phnom Penh on Dec. 31.

He said Cambodian soldiers "had murdered and disembowelled their own people and taken photographs of the vic-tims to claim that the atrocities were perpetrated by Vietnamese."

Mr. Dien said: "The Kampuchean (Cambodian) authorities had sent most of their armed forces to the border area and launched attacks of battalion. regiment and even division size deep into Vietnamese ter-ritory," the agency reported. He listed "violations of an

Teng in Burma on first trip since rehabilitation

TOKYO, Jan. 26 (Agencies). — Chinese Vice Premier Teng Hsiao-ping arrived in Rangoon today for an official visit to Burma, China's official Hsinhua news agency reported. Hsinhua said Burma's President Ne Win and Prime Minister U Maung Maung Kha welcomed Mr. Teng at the airport. This is Mr. Teng's first visit abroad since he was returned last July to his posts of vice premier, vice chairman of the Communist Party and military chief-of-staff. The pragmatic leader had been ousted from leading positions twice by radicals in the party. Mr. Teng also was expected to visit Nepal en route home.

tacks on An Giang Province

New Banto minister in S. Africa

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 26 (R). — Prime Minister John Votsta last night appointed his rem-ted heir-apparent, Dr. Comis Mulder, to oversee the funn of South Africa's 15 miller blacks. Mr. Michiel Botts who has held the powder-by portfolio of Bantu Administra tion. Development and Educa tion during two years of it cial unrest, had earlier and cabinet shuffle on the gr a new session of parts ment, Mr. Botha's job has be en split. Dr. Mulder will b responsible for Administrate and Development. Education - the issue which set d riots and school boycotts South Africa's black town ships -- goes to Mr. William Cruywagen, formerly Mr. & tha's deputy. Mr. Vorster in announced that both "Rem Ministries will be instructe to choose new names mu acceptable to the black pop lation Bantu is an Africa word originally meaning 'p opie" but its used by the & uth African government b made it despised by man who prefer to black.

Indira Gandhi may have miscalculated when she caused recent split in Congress Party

The second split in the Congress Party caused by Mrs. Indira Gandhi has left commentators wondering whether this is the beginning of the end of the party that was founded 92 years ago and ruled India for 30. There are no immediate answers to the complicated political situation now existing within the party. Much may depend on how Mrs. Gandhi fares during the Shah Commission hearings in which she is a principal figure.

By D. K. Joshi

NEW DELHI - Former Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's New Year gift to her countrymen was the vertical split in the 92-year-old Indian National Congress. It is the second divide in eight years. The first was in 1969 when she was the prime minister.

Can the Congress stand the

True, he was her nominee after its ignoble electoral debacle last March? Is this the MRS. INDIRA GANDHI

for president in May 1977 and won against the former Chief Minister of West Bengal, Siddhartha Shankar Ray, only because of her intense lobbying. but afterwards he refused to be a figurehead.

In time Mrs. Gandhi covered a group inside the Congress was taking shape which was apologetic about the 19month emergency and admitted she committed grave errors. Mr. Reddy and Mr. Yash Wantrad Chavan, opposition leader in parliament, joined hands against her.

Mrs. Gandhi wanted the Congress to take an uncompromising and militant stand, resist the establishment at all levels, in parliament and outside, and on all issues. Mr. Reddy, Mr. Chavan and

others believed that the Congress should play what they called a constructive role. judge issues on their merits and observe the rules of the game of parliamentary demo-

They suspected Mrs. Gandhi's militancy was a cover to save herself and her son Sanjay from the consequences of their personal misdeeds.

They had very much in mind disclosures being made before the Shah Commission inquiring into the excesses committed during the emergency and the Jaganmohan Reddy Commission going into the affairs of the Maruti Company involving Sanjay and former Defence Minister Bansi Lal.

Mrs. Gandhi first planned to capture the organisation by demonstrating her majority at the meeting last May of the party's National Council -- the All-India Congress Committee (AICC). But she found Mr. Reddy hard to crack.

As elections to some state assemblies will be held in February she could not wait be-yond the first week of January. She knew she would not have her way and her supporters would get a raw deal. The other reason might have been the Shah Commission. She

it, but complied when legal summons were issued.
She might have calculated that if she refused to appear and if it proceeded against her, which it did, any political

had refused to appear before

advantages would not go to her rivals. Her arrest and release earlier in connection with the alleged corruption charges sent a wave of sympathy for her throughout India, of which she could not take much ad-

It is also possible she wants to say before the commission things which involve her former colleagues, including Mr. Reddy and Mr. Chavan, and this she could not do as a member of the same party.

Another reason could be that she believes that demonstrations against her in the south by rival parties strengthened her critics in the Congress. As a leader of an opposition party she will now reap the advantages of the ruling Janata Party's anger against

In a bourgeois democracy -as in India -- politicians have the tendency to jump on the bandwagon that they find moving. Certainly Mrs. Gandhi's bandwagon is not moving at

Maybe Mrs. Gandhi is banking on a different psychology. In 1969 the Congress was in power and its members looked up to the person at the head. Now it is in opposition and the psychology of party men would be to follow a leader seeking confrontation with the estab-

Be that as it may, it is fairly certain that the number of those prepared to sacrifice for their principles, suffer priva-tion and remain in the political wilderness is small.

The Congress led by Mr. Reddy admits its mistakes and is repentent. It believes it has washed off its sins by owning up to the party's crimes against India's democratic ethos and has earned its right to be

in the political game.

Mrs. Gandhi's party does not admit she committed any basic mistakes. She seems to believe that what she did during the emergency was a historic necessity and broadly conformed to the needs of a backward

A sort of guided democracy was for the good of India be-cause it imparted discipline in all walks of life and lessened social tensions, The failure of her experiment was largely due to some mistakes which had

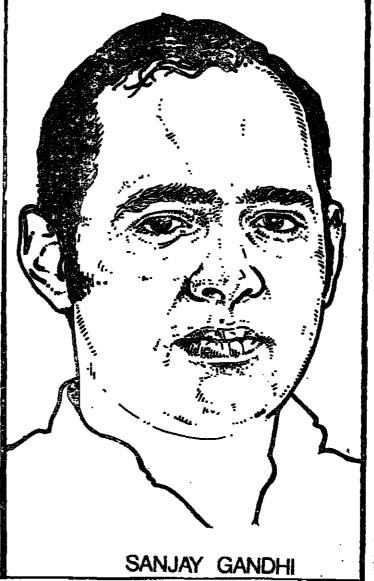
no relationship with the basic philosophy.

Mrs. Gandhi calculates that popular disenchantment with the Janata establishment will make the people have second thoughts about her leadership and programmes. She provided "the real alternative to the Janata Party's empty talk of freedom and democracy."

If the choice is between the two Congress Parties which will the people choose? Will they opt for Mr. Reddy's Congress, which refuses to carry the burden of Mrs. Gandhi "crimes" but which she sees as a party of collaborationists and opportunists who were her partners in all that was done during the emergency? Or will they choose Mrs. Gandhi's Congress, which bro-ught discipline in all walks of

life during the emergency and was the only alternative to the Janata Party, which is regarded by her erstwhile colleagues in the rival party as a party with fascistic propensities and believed in one-person rule?

Or will they consign both Congress parties into the dustbin of history and search for an alternative?



Execution of Saudi princess photographed

LONDON, Jan. 26 (Agencies). - A young British worker Saudi Arabia said he saw a princess and her commoner husba executed last year, and smuggled photographs of the executive out of the country, the Daily Express reported today. Il newspaper published two pictures of the husband's death in square in Jeddah. Captions said one showed him receiving sword stroke and the other showed him dead. The execution the princess was not pictured in the newspaper. News of the executions appeared last Sunday in the weekly Observer, which said Princess Misha Bint Abdul Aziz, 23 and a student name Al Sha'ar eloped and married against royal wishes. The Obst ver reported that the princess was shot to death while husband looked on, then he was beheaded. The Observer the executions were ordered by Prince Muhammad Ibn Abd Aziz, the woman's grandfather, who objected to her manuscribe outside the royal house of Saud. Mr. Barry Milner, a 25-year old woodworker from Yorkshire, said he took the pictures wi a small, cheap camera which he concealed in a cigarette packs

Mrs. Bhutto's house arrest lifted

KARACHI, Jan. 26 (R). — The wife of former Pakista Premier Zulfikar Ali Bhutto was released yesterday after days under house arrest in the family's seaside villa in Kana No reason was given for the detention of Iranian-born Mr Nusrat Bhutto, but it covered the period of the England-Paki tan international test cricket match. The military govern also kept her under house arrest during the second test Lahore to prevent any possible trouble after her appearant at an earlier match led to violent political clashes.

Arson, bomb in latest Italian violence

ROME, Jan. 26 (Agencies). — Ten buses of a suburban true port company were burned early today by arsonists in a paring lot on the outskirts of Rome, police reported. There were reported injuries. Police said Fascists claimed responsibility. the attack in a telephone call to the Rome offices of the Mil newspaper, Corriers Della Sera The caller said the attack in retaliation for the death in Rome of three Fascists in class with leftists early this month. "We hit a centre of power police quoted the caller as saying. In another episode of police levels to the caller as saying in another episode of police levels, police with the caller as saying. In another episode of police levels, police levels, which has taken four lives so far this year, police levels as the caller as saying in another episode of police levels. said two bombs exploded outside a National Police barracis Milan. The blasts damaged the building and destroyed a numb of cars parked nearby. Police said the bombings were political motivated. No injuries were reported.

Recorder of crashed Indian Jumbo found

BOMBAY, India, Jan. 26 (R). — Navy searchers have I covered the flight deck voice recorder of the Air India Juni jet which crashed into the sea near Bombay on Dec. 31. The Director of Air Safety and Inspector of Accidents, Mr. V. Charles and India Juni 1981. lappa, told reporters yesterday it was expected to help in den mining the cause of the crash, which occurred shortly after the Boeing 747 took off from Bombay on its way to Dubsi.

Ceausescu awarded Order of Lenin

MOSCOW, Jan. 26 (R). — The Soviet Union yesterday nounced the award of an Order of Lenin, one of the county top distinctions, to Romanian leader Nicolae Ceausescu. It news agency said the president and Communist Party chief being honoured for his contribution to Soviet-Romanian frie ship and to mark his 60th birthday today, President Led Brezhnev told Mr. Ceausescu in a telegram that his efforts develop the traditional ties between their two countries highly appreciated by Soviet people, Tass said.

